What we claim is:

An apparatus, comprising:
 an optical element having a first optical aperture;

a GRIN lens having first and second ends, the first end being positioned to receive light from the first optical aperture; and

a detector configured to measure values of a characteristic of light emitted from the first end in response to multi-photon absorption events in a sample illuminated by light from the second end.

- The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the GRIN lens is 1 centimeter long or longer.
 - 3. The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the GRIN lens has pitch length of about one of more.

4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the GRIN lens further comprises: a relay GRIN lens; and

an objective GRIN lens being serially coupled to the relay GRIN lens; and wherein the objective GRIN lens has a shorter pitch than the relay GRIN lens.

5. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the relay GRIN lens is coupled to receive light from the first optical aperture and transmit the received light to the objective GRIN lens.

- 25 6. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the pitch of the objective GRIN lens is at least five times shorter than the pitch of the relay GRIN lens.
 - 7. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the GRIN lens further comprises: a relay GRIN lens; and

an objective GRIN lens being serially coupled to one end of the relay GRIN lens; and

an coupling GRIN lens being serially coupled to an opposite end of the relay GRIN lens as the objective GRIN lens; and

20

15

5

30

10

15

20

30

and

wherein the objective GRIN lens and the coupling GRIN lens have shorter pitches than the relay GRIN lens.

- 8. The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the pitch of the objective GRIN lens is at least five times shorter than the pitch of the relay GRIN lens.
 - 9. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising: a pulsed light source coupled to transmit light pulses to the optical element; and

wherein the detector is configured to measure a quantity indicative of an intensity of the light emitted from the first end.

- 10. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the detector is configured to measure a characteristic of light whose wavelength is shorter than a wavelength of the light produced by the source.
- 11. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
 a processor configured to produce a scan image from the measured values and
 estimated positions of the multi-photon absorption events.
- 12. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the GRIN lens forms an endoscopic probe.
- 13. A process for scanning a region of a sample, comprising:
 positioning a first end face of a GRIN lens near the region of the sample;
 transmitting light to a second end face of the GRIN lens; and
 scanning one of an incidence position and an incidence angle of the light on
 the second end face while performing the transmitting to generate a scan of the region
 of the sample.

14. The process of claim 13, further comprising: receiving light emitted by the region of the sample in response to the scanning;

10

20

measuring values of a quantity indicative of an intensity or a phase of the emitted light in response to the receiving.

- 15. The process of claim 14, further comprising:
- forming an image of the region of the sample from the measure values and positions of portions of the sample that produced the emitted light.
 - 16. The process of claim 14, wherein the receiving comprises collecting the emitted light through the first end face of the GRIN lens.
 - 17. The process of claim 14, wherein the quantity is indicative of the intensity of the emitted light.
- 15 18. The process of claim 14, wherein the transmitting comprises sending a series of pulses of laser light to the second end face.
 - 19. The process of claim 13, wherein the positioning causes the first end face to be located in the sample and the second face to be located outside the sample.
 - 20. The process of claim 13, wherein the measuring includes determining the values of the quantity for light whose wavelength is shorter than the wavelength of the transmitted light.